

in Vienna. In Germany progress had been made. He called their attention to a report at the Copenhagen Congress relative to the system in question, which was working well on an estate costing about £30,000, which was bought for a lunatic asylum, but where the insane were living in the different houses which had been built before the inhabitants left. These were central infirmaries, but the system was a separate one. The Baron, however, confessed he did not believe such a system could be carried out in England.

Baron Mundy ought to be gratefully remembered and honoured for having devoted at one period of his life so much time and thought to the care of the insane. If his views are not carried out in our country on a large scale, the importance of the segregation of the insane is recognized to a far larger extent than formerly, and the wisdom of the typical asylums of Alt Scherbitz in Germany and Kankakee in Illinois is acknowledged by an increasing number of asylum physicians and architects. We regret to add that the Baron died by his own hand.

EXAMINATION FOR THE CERTIFICATE IN PSYCHOLOGICAL MEDICINE.

The following Candidates were successful at the Examination held on the 19th July, 1894:—

England.

Examined at Bethlem Hospital, London.

Frederick, Herbert John.	Robson, Francis White Hope.
King, Frederick Truby.	Sheen, Alfred Will.

Scotland.

Examined at the Royal Asylum, Edinburgh.

Begg, William.	Hall, Henry Baker.
Dawson, William Richard.	Middlemass, James.
Farquharson, William Frederick.	Martin, William Lewis.

Examined at the Royal Asylum, Aberdeen.

Anderson, Bruce Arnold.	Gawn, Ernest King.
Cowie, George.	Scott, George Brebner.

The following were the written questions:—

1. Describe the physiognomy in the chief forms of Mental Disease.
2. What is meant by Imbecility? Distinguish Imbecility from (1) Idiocy, (2) Dementia, and (3) Stupor. What legal formalities are necessary for placing an Imbecile under care?
3. Describe the mental character of Epilepsy, and the excitement succeeding seizures.
4. Describe (a) the general and (b) the medicinal treatment you would adopt for (1) Acute and (2) Chronic Alcoholic Insanity.
5. Describe the psychosis known as "Katatonia;" discuss the views now held as to its being regarded as a separate morbid entity.
6. Describe a case of Puerperal Melancholia; give treatment and prognosis.

The next Examination will be held in December, 1894. Due notice of the date will be given in the "Lancet" and the "British Medical Journal."

WINNER OF THE BRONZE MEDAL AND PRIZE OF TEN GUINEAS.

Cecil Fowler Beadles, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., London, Assistant Medical Officer, London County Asylum, Colney Hatch.

A Special Prize of Five Guineas was awarded to John Turner, M.B., C.M., Aberdeen, Assistant Medical Officer, Essex County Asylum, Brentwood, for the excellence of his essay.

There was no entry for the Gaskell Prize.