

Mathematiques de la physique et de la technique, by J. Kuntzmann.
Hermann et Cie, Paris, 1961. 774 pages. 60 N. F.

The best idea of the scope of this work can be obtained by giving a list of chapter headings. (1) Topology and Orientation. (2) Integrals. (3) Extension of Integrals; Series; Applications. (4) Probability. (5) Trigonometric Series. (6) Matrices. (7) Vectors; Vector Integrals. (8) Theory of Vector Fields. (9) Elementary Functions of a Complex Variable. (10) Derivatives and Integrals of Functions of a Complex Variable. (11) Conformal Representation. (12) Mathematical Formulation of Problems. (13) Systems of Differential Equations. (14) Bessel Functions. (15) Introduction to Partial Differential Equations. The book concludes with a section of answers to the various exercises.

As a textbook, the book is written in a clear and interesting fashion, and should be of use to any student who wishes to learn the mathematics connected with the topics under discussion. It suffers from the disadvantage that, like any book which attempts to cover such a vast range of topics, there is insufficient material on many of the topics. The chapters on Probability and on Matrices should probably have been omitted, since not enough material can possibly be included to be of much value. Apart from these two topics the content of the book falls into three parts. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 7, and 8, give an account of advanced calculus which might well be useful for students taking a course by that title. Chapters 9, 10, and 11, provide a good account of the introductory work on complex variable, and might be used as an alternative to the small book on Complex Variable by E. G. Phillips. The final chapters 12, 13, 14, and 15, would be useful as a supplement to a course in differential equations, although they provide treatment of special topics rather than a connected account of the subject. The work on Bessel Functions in Chapter 14 is well presented, although many persons would prefer to treat other topics in at least as great detail.

There are a number of problems in the book, but not nearly enough to make it of great use as a textbook. Indeed, by North American standards, one could say that the book is very deficient in problem material.

One can not help feeling, in reading an omnibus of this kind, even in the case of a volume such as the present one which is very well written, that the author would have been better advised to write three volumes, one on Advanced Calculus, one on Complex Variable, and one on Differential Equations. In an attempt to keep the volume down to a reasonable size, the treatment of the topics has had to be cut to a stage where at times one feels that inadequate space is allotted to the topics discussed. This is a fault of the omnibus type of book

rather than of this particular volume which is, as far as the genre allows, well presented.

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Partial Differential Equations and Continuum Mechanics.

Proceedings of an International Conference Conducted by the Mathematics Research Center at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, June 7-15, 1960, edited by Rudolph Langer. Madison, The University of Wisconsin Press, 1961. xv + 397 pages. \$5.00.

This is a collection of nineteen lectures which were delivered at the Conference and reproduction of 45 abstracts of papers presented at this occasion. The authors of the 19 lectures are S. Agmon, J. M. Burgers, T. M. Cherry, G. Fichera, L. Hörmander, I. Imai, J. Kampé de Fériet, J. Leray, H. Lewy, C. B. Morrey Jr., J. Moser, C. Müller, K. Nickel, A. Pleijel, D. P. Riabouchinsky, B. R. Seth, R. Stoneley, F. G. Tricomi, A. Weinstein.

H. S.

Fundamentals of Galois Theory, by M. M. Postnikov (translated from the Russian). Russian Tracts on Advanced Mathematics and Physics, Volume VIII. Gordon and Breach, New York, 1962. iii + 142 pages. U. S. \$8.00.

This is a translation of an elementary Russian text containing an introduction to Galois theory, together with the necessary group theory. The usual theory of algebraic extensions is developed for subfields of the complex field, and the Galois correspondence is established. The question of the solvability of equations by radicals is treated for equations over the rational field and then is extended to the general equation over an arbitrary field of characteristic zero. In treating the general equation over an arbitrary field, it is shown that a field of rational functions possesses an algebraic closure, following Ostrowski, by means of formal power series. There are no exercises.

The book is Volume VIII of a series "Russian Tracts on Advanced Mathematics and Physics" put out by a New York publisher. Although this publisher's name is the only one to appear on the dust jacket, on opening the book one finds that it has, in fact, been produced and published in India by the Hindustan Publishing Company. *

* Editor's Note: Another translation of the book by Postnikov has just been published by P. Noordhoff, Publisher, Groningen (Holland); Price: \$2.25. (Translator: L. F. Boron) Gordon and Breach have stated in a letter that they have cancelled their arrangements with the Hindustan Publishing Company. H. S.