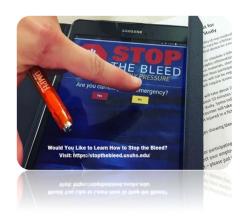
CITIZEN READY ©

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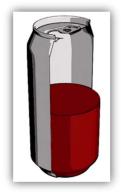
rauma is the leading cause of death for people 1-40 years old. Bleeding can often be stopped with **direct pressure** by using your hands or available materials such as a towel or shirt to apply firm, steady pressure to a wound. Lifethreatening bleeding from the arms or legs can be stopped by a **tourniquet**. Stop the Bleed is a national campaign to teach and equip the public to save lives during bleeding emergencies. To further the Stop the Bleed initiative, the National Center for Disaster Medicine and Public Health at the Uniformed Services University developed a series of educational tools to facilitate tourniquet application by the public.

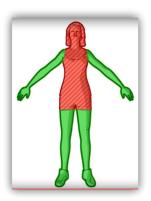


These tools include:

- Stop the Bleed website stopthebleed.usuhs.edu
- 5-minute instructional video
- Stop the Bleed app (free at Apple App Store & Google Play)
- Just in Time (JiT) instructional card

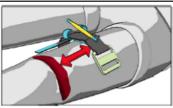
Life-threatening Bleeding	Non Life-threatening Bleeding
You can determine if bleeding is life-threatening by looking at the volume of blood and the flow. Bleeding is life-threatening if:	Non-life-threatening bleeding resolves on its own or with direct pressure. A paper cut or a minor cut while cooking is considered non-life-threatening types of bleeding.
 Blood is continuously flowing or squirting There is a half can of soda's worth of blood on the ground, or pooling on the surface 	



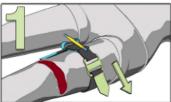


Apply tourniquet on the arms or legs only

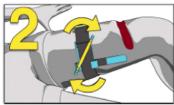
Determine that you are safe where you are. Tell someone to call 911.



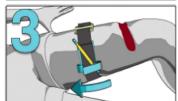
Place the tourniquet 2-3 inches above the wound. It should be between the torso and the wound.



PULL the free end of the Velcro strap. Thread it through the buckle. Securely fasten it back onto itself.



TWIST the rod. Keep twisting until bleeding stops. It is normal for this to cause some pain.



CLIP and secure the rod with the small Velcro strap so that it does not untwist. If bleeding hasn't stopped, apply a second tourniquet above the previous one, closer to the torso.

Continue to monitor and comfort the injured person until help arrives.

Do not loosen or remove the tourniquet.

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Disclaimer

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REFERENCE

1. Goolsby C, Strauss-Riggs K, Klimczak V, et al. Brief, Web-based Education Improves Lay Rescuer Application of a Tourniquet to Control Life-threatening Bleeding. AEM Education and Training. 2018;2(2):141-161.



