

People in Political Science

ship in the National Academy of Public Administration.

Conrad P. Waligorski, associate professor of political science at the University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, is the 1983-84 recipient of the Outstanding Teacher Award in the Fulbright College of Arts and Sciences; he also serves as coordinator of the Humanities Program within the college.

In Memoriam

John Chauncey Donovan

John Chauncey Donovan, DeAlva Stanwood Alexander Professor of Government at Bowdoin College, died suddenly on the morning of October 3, 1984. He was 64.

John was born in New York City of Old Yankee and New Irish parents. He grew up during the Great Depression in the mill town of Naugatuck, Connecticut. The Old Yankee connection took him to Bates College from which he was graduated in 1942.

As Lieutenant (JG) Donovan he served on a destroyer in the South Pacific during World War II, and returned to graduate study as part of that remarkable, immediate post-war generation in the Harvard Government Department (Lane, Beer, Easton, Walke, Proxmire and so many more). He received his M.A. in 1948 and his Ph.D. in 1949. That same year he was appointed instructor in government at Bates. Teaching the typically heavy and diverse loads of that period, he was promoted to assistant professor in 1951, associate professor in 1954, and professor of government and chairman of the division of social sciences in 1957.

During the early 1950s John was part (along with Edmund Muskie and Frank Coffin) of a quiet revolution in Maine politics which saw the Democratic Party emerge as a competitive force for the first time since the Jacksonian period. John was state Democratic chairman in 1957-1958 and managed Governor Muskie's successful senatorial campaign in 1958. He went to Washington in 1959 as Muskie's administrative assis-

tant. In 1960, in his only personal bid for electoral office, he was an unsuccessful congressional candidate in Maine's old second district. In 1962 he was named special and executive assistant to Secretary of Labor Willard Wirtz and became manpower administrator in March of 1964.

In February of 1965 John resigned from government to accept the Alexander chair at Bowdoin. During his Bowdoin years he published widely and with great distinction while serving from time to time as a Trustee of Bates, of the University of Maine, and as a member of several state study commissions, and completed a Ford Foundation study of British manpower policy. His widely acclaimed book on "the war on poverty," *The Politics of Poverty*, was published in 1970, and this was followed by *The Policy Makers* in 1970, *The Cold Warriors* in 1974, and (with Richard E. Morgan and Christian P. Potholm) two textbooks: *American Politics: Directions of Change*, *Dynamics of Choice* (1979, 1982) and *People, Power and Politics* (1981).

John's life was that rare combination—so often talked about, even dreamed about, but seldom realized—of teaching, scholarship, politics, and public service. His passing sadly diminishes his college, his state, and our profession.

Richard E. Morgan
Bowdoin College

Carl Joachim Friedrich

Carl Joachim Friedrich died on September 19, 1984, after a long illness. He had been one of the most learned and creative political scientists in America and Europe, who during his long career deeply influenced many generations of students at Harvard. The range of his scholarly work was extraordinary, especially as he was also constantly engaged in public life, in addition to being a dedicated amateur farmer and musician. He would not, however, have liked to be