

Addendum

Antiseptic effect of conventional povidone-iodine scrub, chlorhexidine scrub, and waterless hand rub in a surgical room: a randomized controlled trial—ADDENDUM

Jui-Chen Tsai RN, MSN^{1,2}, Yen-Kuang Lin PhD^{2,3}, Yen-Jung Huang RN, HN¹, El-Wui Loh PhD⁴, Hsiao-Yun Wen RN, HN¹, Chia-Hui Wang RN, PhD^{1,2}, Yin-Tai Tsai MS⁵, Wen-Shyang Hsieh MPH^{5,6,7} and Ka-Wai Tam MD, PhD^{4,8,9,10}

¹Department of Nursing, Shuang Ho Hospital, Taipei Medical University, New Taipei City, Taiwan, ²School of Nursing, College of Nursing, Taipei Medical University, Taipei, Taiwan, ³Biostatistics Center, Taipei Medical University, Taipei, Taiwan, ⁴Center for Evidence-Based Health Care, Shuang Ho Hospital, Taipei Medical University, New Taipei City, Taiwan, ⁵Department of Laboratory Medicine, Shuang Ho Hospital, Taipei Medical University, New Taipei City, Taiwan, ⁶Department of Education, Shuang Ho Hospital, Taipei Medical University, New Taipei City, Taiwan, ⁷School of Medical Laboratory Science and Biotechnology, Taipei Medical University, Taipei, Taiwan, ⁸Division of General Surgery, Department of Surgery, Shuang Ho Hospital, Taipei Medical University, New Taipei City, Taiwan, ⁹Division of General Surgery, Department of Surgery, School of Medicine, Taipei Medical, University, Taiwan and ¹⁰Cochrane Taiwan, Taipei Medical University, Taipei, Taiwan

Regarding the above mentioned article by Tsai et al¹, affiliation #9 for author Ka-Wai Tam has been expanded to include "Division of General Surgery." The complete affiliation appears above.

Reference

1. Tsai J, Lin Y, and Huang Y et al. Antiseptic effect of conventional povidone-iodine scrub, chlorhexidine scrub, and waterless hand rub in a surgical room: a randomized controlled trial. Infect Control Hosp Epidemiol 2017;38:417–422.