

PALEOGENE LARGER FORAMINIFERA FROM CUBA

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Paleogene larger foraminifera from Cuba, according to their abundance and diversity, are considered very important for biostratigraphic researches in the Cuban territory.

That is why the importance of compiling the information existing on a great number of Cuban and foreign specialists, who studied the larger foraminifera at different periods which come from the first decade of this century.

For this reason the main objective of this paper is to update the Systematics and Taxonomy of these groups following J. Butterlin's studies (1981) in the Caribbean area. Besides, it is provided, for the first time, a paleontologic list containing all species reported for Cuba, their ages and geological formations where they have been found.

14 families, 28 genera and 84 species are up to this moment reported. The last one are distributed as follows: 6 species for Paleocene, 8 from Early Eocene, 44 for Middle Eocene, 11 from Late Eocene and 15 from Oligocene.

The biozonation proposed by S. Blanco et al. (1987) and its correlation with the biozones of planctonic foraminifera are offered as well.