in the light of damaged or defective physical structure. It is only by detailed study such as is herein outlined that those who apply methods of association, or of mental measurement of sensory discrimination or muscular accuracy, can really appreciate the accompanying phenomena and thus acquire sympathy and understanding with the reactions of their patients. In experimental psychology, as in psycho-analysis, self-knowledge must precede diagnosis in others: the beam must be known, if not destroyed, before the removal of the mote can rightly be attempted.

F. C. SHRUBSALL.

Collected Papers by Sigm. Freud. [International Psycho-Analytical Library.] 4 vols. London: Hogarth Press. Super Royal 8vo. Price, Vols. 1, 2 and 4, 21s.; Vol. 3, 30s.

In this large collection of the works of Freud the individual monographs have been arranged in such a way that each volume deals with subjects of similar interest. This must have been a matter of considerable difficulty, but the desired result has been attained to a very satisfactory degree.

The first volume (359 pages) deals with the early history and evolution of the psycho-analytical movement, the results of early investigations, and the theories evolved from them. Many of the simpler mechanisms are also discussed.

The second volume (404 pages) contains papers on technique, and the results obtained in the earlier analyses.

In the third volume (607 pages) are a series of case-histories of many types—hysteria, phobias, obsessions, paranoia, etc.—and a discussion on each type.

The last volume (508 pages) will appeal especially to the metapsychologist. Repression, dreams, the poetic mind, character-formation and demoniacal possession are among the diverse subjects dealt with.

These volumes form a very valuable addition to our psychological literature, and present for the first time a collection of the monographs of Freud in an easily accessible form. The translator is to be congratulated on the excellent manner in which he has carried out his difficult task.

W. Moodie.

Le Roman d'une Épidemie Parisienne. La Kleptomanie? By A. Antheaume. Paris: Gaston Doin, 1925. Crown 8vo. Pp. 228. Price 7 fr.

In England doctors and lawyers are notoriously at variance on the question of criminal responsibility. It is therefore interesting to note that in France there appears to be a better understanding between the two professions on this momentous question. It should, of course, be remembered that circumstances alter cases. When, for instance, a particular form of crime has been allowed to spread like a contagious disease, it is hardly surprising to find