## Correction

Meta-analyses of cognitive functioning in euthymic bipolar patients and their first-degree relatives – Correction

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In our recently published meta-analysis (Arts *et al.* 2008) an error was made confusing S.E. (standard error) with s.D. (standard deviation) in the papers of Sobczak *et al.* (2003) and Nehra *et al.* (2006) leading to an overestimation of effect sizes, especially regarding verbal memory in relatives. Our conclusion that 'executive function and verbal memory are candidate bipolar endophenotypes' has to be changed to 'executive function is a candidate bipolar endophenotype', because the effect of verbal memory in first-degree relatives is no longer significant. The general conclusion that effect sizes of cognitive deficits in relatives of patients with bipolar disorder are small continues to be valid.

The amended Results section and Tables 1–4 of the paper are reproduced in full and are available as Supplementary material, available online on the Journal's website (http://journals.cambridge.org/psm).

The authors apologize for these errors.

## References

**Arts B**, *et al.* (2008). Meta-analyses of cognitive functioning in euthymic bipolar patients and their first-degree relatives. *Psychological Medicine* **38**, 771–785. Published online by Cambridge University Press, 9 October 2007. doi:10.1017/S0033291707001675.

Nehra R, et al. (2006). Comparison of cognitive functions between first- and multi-episode bipolar affective disorders. *Journal of Affective Disorders* 93, 185–192.

**Sobczak S**, *et al.* (2003). Pronounced cognitive deficits following an intravenous L-tryptophan challenge in first-degree relatives of bipolar patients compared to healthy controls. *Neuropsychopharmacology* **28**, 711–719.